creas, spleen, stomach, bowels, anus, rectum, breast, ovaries, uterus, vagina, cervix, brain, and frontal sinus; and for treating abscess, anemia, arthritis rheumatism, paralysis, hay fever, hemorrhoids, varicose veins, leg ulcers, multiple sclerosis, mucous colitis, malnutrition, pain, influenza, indigestion, head noises, and allergic conditions due to a large variety of products.

DISPOSITION: 12-3-56. Default—delivered to the Food and Drug Administration.

#### DRUG FOR VETERINARY USE

5240. Lasus Piperol. (F. D. C. No. 39865. S. Nos. 48-447/9 M.)

QUANTITY: 3 1-gal. btls., 18 1-qt. btls. and 19 1-pt. btls. at Simpson, Ind.

SHIPPED: 6-27-56, from Toledo, Ohio, by Lasus Bros. Chemical Co.

Label in Part: (Btl.) "Lasus Piperol Liquid Wormer for Swine and Poultry Removing and Control of Nodular and Round Worms from Swine and Large Round Worms \* \* \* and Cecal Worms \* \* \* from Poultry. Active Ingredient: Each 100 cc contains 17.08 grams of Piperazine Base Hexahydrate \* \* \* DIRECTIONS FOR USE Chickens: Quantity for 100 birds: 4-8 weeks old—Mix 1 ounce of Piperol to 1 gallon drinking water. 8-12 weeks old—Mix 2 ounces of Piperol to 2 gallons drinking water. Over 12 weeks old—Mix 2 ounces of Piperol with 3 gallons drinking water. Turkeys: Quantity for 100 birds: Under 12 weeks old—Mix 2 ounces of Piperol to 8 gallons of drinking water. Over 12 weeks old—Mix 2 ounces of Piperol to 10 gallons of drinking water. Over 20 lbs. of weight—Mix 3 ounces of Piperol with 15 gallons of drinking water. Swine: 1 ounce Piperol mixed with 1 gallon drinking water for each 100 lbs. of live weight of swine as only source of drinking water in pen. Do not take away remedy until consumed. Worm infested swine should be treated in the morning."

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: The article, when administered in the manner directed by the above label, did not provide a sufficient dosage of piperazine to remove and control nodular worm and round worm infestation in swine; and piperazine is not effective for treating cecal worm infestation in poultry.

LIBELED: 2-7-57, N. Dist. Ind.

CHARGE: 502 (a)—the label of the article, when shipped, contained false and misleading representations that, when administered in the manner directed, the article was an adequate and effective treatment for nodular worm and round worm infestation in swine and cecal worm infestation in poultry.

DISPOSITION: 4-4-57. Default—destruction.

# INDEX TO NOTICES OF JUDGMENT D. D. N. J. NOS. 5221 TO 5240 PRODUCTS

N. J. No.		N. J. No.	
Adhesive strips, plastic	5233	Chlortetracycline capsules	5225
Amphetamine sulfate, thyroid,		Clinical thermometers	5234
aloin, and phenobarbital,		Devices 5234,	<b>5239</b>
gray, white, and pink tablets		Digitalis tablets	5229
	5226	Electronic Condensator device,	
Androgenic substance			5239
Aphrodisiac5222,			5236
Apiarian Royal Jelly			5227
Cathartic compound pills			523c

# U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

### FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

# NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT

[Given pursuant to section 705 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act]

## DRUGS AND DEVICES

The cases reported herewith were instituted in the United States district courts by United States attorneys, acting upon reports submitted by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. They involve drugs which are required at time of interstate shipment to bear a label containing the statement "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," and which were dispensed after such shipment without a prescription or by refilling a prescription without authorization. This dispensing was contrary to Section 503 (b) (1) and thereby resulted in the dispensed drugs being misbranded while held for sale.

Published by direction of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

GEO. P. LARRICK, Commissioner of Food and Drugs. Washington, D. C., September 16, 1958.

Violative sales of prescription drugs\_

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